

**Quiz # 4**– Math 2233, Differential Equations – Oct. 29, 2009

1. (5 points) Find the general solution to

$$y^{(4)} + 3y'' - 4y = 0$$

**Solution.** The characteristic equation is

$$\begin{aligned} r^4 + 3r^2 - 4 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (r^2 + 4)(r^2 - 1) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (r - 2i)(r + 2i)(r - 1)(r + 1) &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow r_1 = 2i, \quad r_2 = -2i, \quad r_3 = 1, \quad r_4 = -1 \end{aligned}$$

Hence the general solution is

$$y = c_1 \cos 2t + c_2 \sin 2t + c_3 e^t + c_4 e^{-t}$$

2. (5 points) Find the Laplace Transform of the solution to the following initial value problem:

$$\begin{cases} y'' + 3y' + 2y = 0 \\ y(0) = 1, \quad y'(0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

**Solution.** Apply Laplace transform to both sides of the equation,

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}\{y'' + 3y' + 2y\} &= \mathcal{L}\{0\} = 0 \\ \Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y''\} + 3\mathcal{L}\{y'\} + 2\mathcal{L}\{y\} &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (s^2\mathcal{L}\{y\} - sy(0) - y'(0)) + 3(s\mathcal{L}\{y\} - y(0)) + 2\mathcal{L}\{y\} &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Since  $y(0) = 1$ ,  $y'(0) = 0$ , we have

$$\begin{aligned} (s^2\mathcal{L}\{y\} - s) + 3(s\mathcal{L}\{y\} - 1) + 2\mathcal{L}\{y\} &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow (s^2 + 3s + 2)\mathcal{L}\{y\} - s - 3 &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{y\} = \frac{s + 3}{s^2 + 3s + 2} \end{aligned}$$