## MATH 4513 : HOMEWORK 1

1.1. Given that

$$\frac{d^n}{dx^n} \left( \ln |x| \right) \Big|_{x=1} = (-1)^{n-1} (n-1)!$$

(a) Use the Taylor Theorem with Integral Remainder to find the magnitude of the error term  $R_{100}(1.99)$  when one approximates  $\ln[1.99]$  using the first 101 terms of the Taylor expansion about 1 of  $\ln |x|$ .

(b) Use the Taylor Theorem with Lagrange Remainder to obtain an upper bound on the error term  $E_{100}(x)$  when x ranges from 1.985 to 1.995 for the Taylor expansion of  $\ln |x|$  about 1.

1.2. Show that if  $b_n = \mathcal{O}(a_n)$  then  $b_n / \ln |n| = \mathfrak{o}(a_n)$ .

1.3. Show that if  $b_n = \mathfrak{o}(a_n)$  then  $b_n = \mathcal{O}(a_n)$ , but that the converse is not true.

1.4. Show that if  $b_n = \mathcal{O}(a_n)$  and  $c_n = \mathcal{O}(a_n)$ , then  $b_n + c_n = \mathcal{O}(a_n)$ .

1.5. Show that if  $b_n = \mathfrak{o}(a_n)$  and  $c_n = \mathfrak{o}(a_n)$ , then  $b_n + c_n = \mathfrak{o}(a_n)$ .

- 1.6. Show that for any r > 0,  $x^r = \mathcal{O}(e^x)$  as  $x \to \infty$ .
- 1.7. Show that for any r > 0,  $\ln |x| = \mathcal{O}(x^r)$  as  $x \to \infty$ .

1.8. If 1/10 is correctly rounded to the normalized binary number  $(1.a_1a_2...a_{23})_2 \times 2^m$ , what is the roundoff error? What is the relative roundoff error?

1.9. Give examples of real numbers for which

$$fl(x \odot y) \neq fl(fl(x) \odot fl(y))$$

Illustrate this for all four arithmetic operators  $(+, -, \times, \div)$  using a hypothetical machine with 5 decimal (base t0) digits.