$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Math}\ 4023 \\ {\rm Homework}\ {\rm Set}\ 8 \end{array}$

- 1. Define $f: \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}$ by $f(x) = x^2 3x + 5$. Use the definition of continuity to prove that f is continuous at x = 2.
- 2. Let $f:D\to\mathbb{R}$ be continuous. For each of the following either prove or give a counter-example.
 - (a) If D is open, then f(D) is open.
 - (b) If D is closed, then f(D) is closed.
 - (c) If D is not open, then f(D) is not open.
 - (d) If D is not closed, then f(D) is not closed.
 - (e) If D is not compact, then f(D) is not compact.
 - (f) If D is unbounded, then f(D) is unbounded.
 - (g) If D is infinite, then f(D) is infinite.
 - (h) If D is an interval, then f(D) is an interval.
 - (i) If D is an interval that is not open, then f(D) is an interval that is not open.
- 3. Show that any polynomial of odd degree has one at least real root.
- 4. Suppose $f:[a,b] \to [a,b]$ is continuous. Prove that f has a fixed point c; i.e., a point $c \in [a,b]$ such that f(c) = c.
- 5. Suppose $f:D\to E$ and $g:E\to F$ are continuous. Show that $g\circ f:D\to F$ is continuous.
- 6. Use the definition of the derivative to compute the derivative of f(x) = 2x + 7 for $x \in \mathbb{R}$.