## Math 3013 Problem Set 2

Reduce the following matrices to row-echelon form, and then to reduced row-echelon form.
 (a)

(b)  

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & -1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$
(b)  

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -3 & 3 \\ 1 & 5 & 5 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$
(c)  

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & -3 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & -6 & 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. For each linear system below, construct the corresponding augmented matrix (a)

(b)

 $\begin{array}{rcrrr} x_1 + 2x_3 & = & 1 \\ x_2 + x_3 + 3x_4 & = & -2 \end{array}$ 

3. The augmented matrice below correspond to linear systems. Describe the nature of the solutions of the corresponding linear system, and then, if possible, present the solution as a set of vectors. (Hint: note that the augmented matrices are already in reduced row row echelon form).

	1	0	$2^{\circ}$	)	1	]
(a)	0	1	1 3	3	-2	
	0	0	0 0	)	0	]
(b)	[ 1	-1	2	0	3	1
	0	0	0	1	4	2
	0	0	0	0	0	-1
	0	0	0	0	0	0

4. Find all solutions of the given linear system.

$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x - y &=& 8\\ 6x - 5y &=& 32 \end{array}$$

(b)

$$y + z = 6$$
  

$$3x - y + z = -7$$
  

$$x + y - 3z = -13$$

- $\mathbf{2}$
- 5. Determine whether the vector

$$\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 3\\5\\3 \end{bmatrix}$$

is in the span of the vectors

$$\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0\\2\\4 \end{bmatrix} \quad , \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1\\4\\-2 \end{bmatrix} \quad , \quad \mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -3\\-1\\5 \end{bmatrix}$$