## Comprehensive Exam-Numerical Analysis

## May 2012

**General Instructions:** Define your terminology and explain your notation. If you require a standard result, then state it before you use it; otherwise, give clear and complete proofs of your claims. 4 problems completely correct will guarantee a pass. Partial solutions will also be considered on their merit.

1. Consider the Lax-Wendroff scheme

$$\frac{v_m^{n+1} - v_m^n}{k} + a \frac{v_{m+1}^n - v_{m-1}^n}{2h} - \frac{a^2k}{2} \frac{(v_{m+1}^n - 2v_m^n + v_{m-1}^n)}{h^2} = 0$$

for the one-way wave equation  $u_t + au_x = 0$ . Here a is a real constant,  $v_m^n$  is the value of the grid function defined on  $(x_m, t_n) = (mh, nk)$ , for  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $n \in \{0\} \cup \mathbb{Z}^+$ . Prove the scheme is dissipative of order 4 for  $|a\lambda| < 1$ , where  $\lambda = k/h$ .

2. Write the leap-frog scheme for the following problem

$$\begin{cases} u_t = u_x & \text{for } x \in \mathbb{R}, \ t \in [0, \infty), \\ u(0, x) = u_0(x) & \text{for } x \in \mathbb{R}, \end{cases}$$

on the grid  $(x_m, t_n) = (mh, nk)$ , for  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ ,  $n \in \{0\} \cup \mathbb{Z}^+$ .

- (a) Find the order of accuracy of the scheme.
- (b) Let  $\lambda = k/h$  be a constant. Find the necessary and sufficient condition for the scheme to be stable in the discrete  $L^2$  norm.
- 3. (a) Let w(x) be a real valued smooth function on  $x \in [a, b]$ . Defined an uneven grid  $a = x_0 < x_1 < \cdots < x_N = b$ , with step sizes  $h_i = x_i x_{i-1}$ . Let  $h = \max_i h_i$ . Show that

$$\frac{dw}{dx}(x_i) - \frac{w(x_{i+1}) - w(x_{i-1})}{h_i + h_{i+1}} = O(h),$$

for i = 1, ..., N - 1.

- (b) Derive a three-point finite difference approximation to  $\frac{d^2w}{dx^2}(x_i)$  using points  $x_{i-1}$ ,  $x_i$  and  $x_{i+1}$ . Compute the truncation error.
- (c) Now consider the 2D elliptic equation

$$\begin{cases}
-u_{xx} - u_{yy} - u_x = f & \text{for } 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 1, \\
u(0, y) = u(1, y) = u(x, 0) = u(x, 1) = 0 & \text{for } 0 \le x \le 1, 0 \le y \le 1.
\end{cases}$$

Define an uneven grid by  $0 = x_0 < x_1 < \cdots < x_M = 1$  and  $0 = y_0 < y_1 < \cdots < y_N = 1$ . Denote  $h_i = x_i - x_{i-1}$  and  $k_j = y_j - y_{j-1}$ . Derive a five-point finite difference scheme for this problem.

4. Let  $a(u,v) = \int_0^1 (u'v' + u'v + uv) dx$  and  $V = \{v \in W_2^1(0,1) : v(0) = v(1) = 0\}$ . Prove that  $a(\cdot, \cdot)$  is coercive on V in  $H^1$ -norm.

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5. Let T be an open, bounded set in  $\mathbf{R}^2$  and  $P_k(T)$  denotes polynomials of degree at most k. Let  $u \in H^1(T)$  and

$$\inf_{\mathbf{v}\in P_k(T)^2}\int_T |\nabla u - \mathbf{v}|^2 dx = 0.$$

Show that  $\nabla u \in P_k(T)$ .

6. Let  $\Omega$  be a bounded open set in  $\mathbf{R}^n$  with smooth boundary and  $V = H_0^1(\Omega)$ . Let

$$a(u, v) = (\nabla u, \nabla v) + (u, v), \text{ for } u, v \in V.$$

Assume that there is a unique solution, u, to the variational problem

$$a(u,v) = (f,v)$$
, for all  $v \in V$ ,

and the regularity estimate

$$||u||_{H^{2+i}(\Omega)} \le C_1 ||f||_{H^i(\Omega)}$$
 for  $i = 0, 1$ ,

holds for all  $f \in H^i(\Omega)$  for i = 0, 1. Let  $V_h$  be a finite element subspace of V satisfying

$$\inf_{v \in V_h} \|u - v\|_{H^1(\Omega)} \le C_2 h^{1+i} \|u\|_{H^{2+i}(\Omega)}, \text{ for } i=0,1,$$

and define  $u_h \in V_h$  via

$$a(u_h, v) = (f, v)$$
 for all  $v \in V_h$ .

Recall that the  $H^{-1}$  norm is defined by

$$||u||_{H^{-1}(\Omega)} = \sup_{0 \neq v \in H_0^1(\Omega)} \frac{(u, v)}{||v||_{H^1(\Omega)}}.$$

Show that

$$||u - u_h||_{H^{-1}(\Omega)} \le C_1 \cdot C_2 h^2 ||u - u_h||_{H^1(\Omega)}.$$